



# **CYBER STANDARD DOCUMENT**

# **SECURITY MANAGEMENT**



# **ABSTRACT**:

This standard describes the requirements to implement and maintain an effective cyber security management system as required by the National Policing Community Security Policy Framework.

Implementation of this standard will help members to ensure that adequate management controls and oversight is in place to mature their cyber resilience.

ISSUED October 2023					
PLANNED REVIEW DATE October 2024					
DISTRIBUTION Community Security Policy Framework Members					
This document is due for review may become invalid.					
Members should ensure that they are consulting the currently valid version of the documentation.					



# **Document Information**

# Document Location PDS - <u>National Policing Policies & Standards</u>

## **Revision History**

Version	Author	Description	Date
0.1	PDS Cyber	Initial version	13/07/23
0.2	PDS Cyber	Draft Update	28/07/23
0.3	PDS Cyber	Update following consultation with PDS Cyber Standards Manager	14/08/23
0.4	PDS Cyber	Update following consultation with PDS CSM	24/08/23

# Approvals

Version	Name	Role	Date
1.0	National Cyber Policy & Standards Board	National approving authority	28/09/23

#### **Document References**

Document Name	Version	Date
ISF - Standard of Good Practice (for Information Security)	v2022	07/2022
ISO 27002:2022	v2022	02/2022
CIS Controls	v8	05/2021
NIST Cyber Security Framework	v1.1	04/2018
<u>10 Steps to Cyber Security -</u> NCSC.GOV.UK	Web Page	05/2021

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# Contents

Document Information	3
Document Location	3
Revision History	3
Approvals	3
Document References	3
Community Security Policy Commitment	5
Introduction	5
Owner	5
Purpose	5
Audience	6
Scope	6
Requirements	6
Communication approach	13
Review Cycle	13
Document Compliance Requirements	14
Equality Impact Assessment	14



#### **Community Security Policy Commitment**

National policing and its community members recognise that threats to policing information assets present significant risk to policing operations. National policing and its community members are committed to managing information security and risk and maintaining an appropriate response to current and emerging threats, as an enabling mechanism for policing to achieve its operational objectives whilst preserving life, property, and civil liberties.

This standard in conjunction with the National Policing Community Security Policy Framework and associated documents sets out National Policing requirements.

#### Introduction

This Standard describes the requirements to fulfil the National Policing Community Security Policy (NPCSP) Security Management Policy statement. By implementing this standard, forces will be able to demonstrate an effective governance framework, and a clear commitment to information security and risk management.

#### Owner

National Chief Information Security Officer (NCISO).

#### Purpose

This standard helps organisations demonstrate compliance with the following NCSP policy statements:

Security Management

- Develop a comprehensive, approved information security policy (based upon the National Community Security Policy), and reinforce it through other security related policies, such as an acceptable use policy, (each of which should be supported by more detailed standards, controls, and procedures) and communicate them to all individuals with access to Policing's information and systems.
- Establish a specialist information security function(s), led by a sufficiently senior manager (e.g., an Information Security Officer), which is assigned adequate authority and resources to run information security-related projects; promote information security throughout policing (nationally or locally); and manage the implications of relevant laws, regulations and contracts.

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5



• Define the roles and responsibilities of the wider security workforce, including individuals employed in one or more Security Operation Centres (SOC), who contribute to an organisation's information security. Security management reporting should be in place to enable the organisational leadership to take informed risk management decisions, support the security-related elements of mergers and acquisitions, and take out cyber insurance, where appropriate.

## Audience

This standard is aimed at:

- Member Senior Information Risk Owners (SIROs), Information Security Officers (ISOs), information security practitioners, Information Asset Owners (IAOs.)
- Third parties who act as service providers or suppliers to members.
- Auditors providing assurance services to members.

### Scope

This standard applies to any member of the Policing Community of Trust. It is also applicable to third parties to the policing community of trust.

## Requirements

This section details the minimum requirements to implement an effective Cyber Security Management structure to assure Policing systems and information.

Reference		Minimum requirement	Control reference	Compliance Metric
1. Develop		Members of the Policing Community of	NIST:	
Security	Policy	Trust must adopt and ensure adherence to	ID.GV.1	Current,
Framewo	ork	the National Policing Community Security		maintained
		Policy.	ISO 27001:2022:	policies
			5.01, 6.04, 5.10	distributed &
		Ensure that appropriate policy & standards		easily
		that cover all the NPCSP themes are in	ISO 27001/2:	accessible to
		place and are adhered to.	5.1.1, 5.1.2, 8.1.3,	all
			18.2.2	personnel,
		Any local risk based decisions to deviate		including
		shall be subject to risk governance and be	ISF SOGP:	visitors and
		documented and reviewed commensurate		contractors



		to risk level. See the National Police Information Security Risk Management Framework (NPISRMF) The NPCSP framework policies, controls, standards, procedures ,guidelines and blueprints can be adopted to support this. All documents must have a regular review and approval cycle with updates communicated to the organisation where required.	SM1.1, SM1.2, SM2.1, SM2.2, SM2.3	
2. Define S Informa Security Leadersl Roles & Respons	tion hip	<ul> <li>Appoint a suitably senior role as force Senior Information Risk Owner (or equivalent) to provide executive level accountability for information risks.</li> <li>Implement the College of Policing role profile.</li> <li>Ensure appropriate and adequate training is provided.</li> <li>The SIRO provides Senior leadership commitment to the National Cyber Security Policy and promoting its associated Standards for implementation and adherence throughout the organisation. This will include ensuring that adequate resources are available to deliver and manage the information security programme.</li> <li>Ensuring that a suitable information security management training development plan is in place and operating across the organisation.</li> <li>The SIRO chairs / has oversight of organisation's Information risk Governance Board (or similarly named</li> </ul>	NIST: ID.GV.2, ID.GV.3, PR.AT.1, PR.AT.5 ISO 27001:2022: 5.01, 5.02, 5.03, 5.05, 5.06, 5.31, 5.32, 5.33, 5.35, 5.36, 8.24 ISO 27001/2: 6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.3, 6.1.4, 7.2.3 ISF SOGP: SM2.1, SM2.2, SM2.3, SM2.4, SM2.5, SM2.6, SM2.7	Organisation represented at regional SIRO meetings / national SIRO conference events and Boards



	organisational management-level		
	governance group)		
	<ul> <li>Linked Standards         <ul> <li>Security Governance</li> <li>People Management</li> <li>Threat &amp; Incident Management</li> <li>Business Continuity</li> </ul> </li> <li>See also         <ul> <li>College of Policing Information Management Authorised Professional Practice (APP)</li> <li>College of Policing Senior Information Risk Owner handbook.</li> <li>National Police Information Security Risk Management Framework (NPISRMF)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
3. Establish Information Asset Owners	<ul> <li>Appoint Information Asset Owners (IAOs) for organisational information assets</li> <li>Implement the College of Policing role profile.</li> <li>Ensure appropriate and adequate training is provided.</li> <li>Provide management reporting regime to the SIRO.</li> <li>The organisation's information, physical devices and systems must be inventoried. Refer to Physical Asset Management Standard for further information.</li> <li>Linked Standards         <ul> <li>Information Risk Assessment</li> <li>Physical Asset Management</li> <li>Information Management</li> <li>Business Continuity</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	ISO 27001/2: 6.1.1, 8.1.1, 8.1.2, 8.1.3, 8.2.3, 12.6.2, 18.1.1, 18.1.2, 18.1.3, 18.1.5, 18.2.2, 18.2.3 NIST: ID.AM.1, PR.AT.2, PR.DS.3	Job Description and Role Profile available Information Asset Register created and maintained, including regular review cycle for all assets





		See also		
		College of Policing Information		
		Management Authorised		
		Professional Practice (APP)		
4.	Establish	Appoint Suitably Qualified Experienced	NIST:	
	Specialist	Professional/s (e.g., ISO)	ID.GV.2, ID.GV.3,	Role
	Information		PR.AT.1, PR.AT.5	identified
	Security	• Define and implement a role profile		within
	Function(s)	or job description.	ISO 27001:2022:	organisation
		<ul> <li>Assigned adequate authority and</li> </ul>	5.01, 5.02, 5.03,	structure.
		resources to run information	5.05, 5.06	
		security-related projects.		
		Responsible for leading security	ISO 27001/2:	Job
		specific roles (e.g., ITSO, SOC staff	6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.3,	Description
		and other IT security professionals)	6.1.4, 7.2.3	and Role
		• To ensure compliance with laws and		Profile
		regulations affecting information	ISF SOGP:	available,
		security.	SM1.1, SM2.2,	supported by
		Consistently prioritise information	SM2.3, SM2.5,	appropriate
		security controls to ensure that they	SM2.6	Professional
		address organisational risk needs.		Development
		Ensure information security		Plan
		obligations associated with		
		legislation, regulations, contracts,		
		industry standards and		
		organisational policies are met.		
		<ul> <li>Ensure that the compliance</li> </ul>		Maintained
		requirements of the National		SyAp
		Policing Community Security Policy		evidence.
		and other National Policing		Timely
		requirements are met.		responses to
		Deliver management reporting		compliance
		upwards (to SIRO/equivalent and via		requests.
		external reporting frameworks).		
		Provide expert advice in response to		
		information security incidents.		
		Promotes a culture of information		
		security awareness, with		
		appropriate senior management		
		support, that allows for decision		



	<ul> <li>making to be risk-based, informed by the National Community Security Policy and its associated Standards.</li> <li>Undertake cyber risk assessments and make recommendations for risk management controls.</li> <li>Promote information security throughout policing (nationally or locally)</li> <li><u>Linked Standards</u> <ul> <li>Security Governance</li> <li>People Management</li> <li>Threat &amp; Incident Management</li> <li>Physical &amp; Environmental Management</li> <li>Business Continuity</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>See also</u> <ul> <li>College of Policing Information Management Authorised Professional Practice (APP)</li> <li>National Police Information Security Risk Management Framework (NPISRMF)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
5. Establish an Information Risk Governance forum	In support of the National Police Information Security Risk Management Framework, establish a management forum chaired by the SIRO to ensure regular management reviews of the performance of cyber risk management. This forum shall provide direction and oversight on behalf of the Senior Leadership and overall organisational risk management framework. The forum will help ensure that security activities are properly performed unilaterally to reduce information risk within agreed risk appetite.	NIST CSF ID.GV.4 & ID.RM.1 ISF SG1.2	Terms of reference. Meeting minutes. Records of meeting operations including agenda, papers and reports.





		The forum can review program against		
		The forum can review progress against		
		the cyber security programme, arbitrate		
		risk escalations, consider security		
		incident trends, instigate organisational		
_		security initiatives and audits.		
6.	Define Roles &	Identify roles responsible for broader	NIST:	
	Responsibilities	security activities, such as IT Security	DE.DP.1, ID.AM.1,	Roles
	of wider	Officer (ITSO), System Admins, Security	ID.GV.2, PR.AT.1,	identified
	security	Operations Centre (SOC) staff where	PR.AT.2, PR.AT.5,	within
	functions within	applicable, Crypto Custodians etc.	RS.CO.2	organisation
	organisation		ISO 27001:2022:	structure.
		These activities may be fulfilled by	5.02, 5.03, 5.05,	
		existing roles subject to holding the	5.06, 8.16	
		necessary skills and competencies (see		Job
		section 6.)	ISO 27001/2:	Description
			6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.3,	and Role
		<ul> <li>May include attending IT</li> </ul>	6.1.4	Profile
		governance boards/groups, such as	ISF SOGP:	available,
		IT Security Working Groups, Cyber	SM2.3	supported by
		Incident Response Teams etc.		appropriate
				Professional
		Linked Standards		Development
		System Development		Plan
		Application Management		
		System Access		
		System Management		
		Networks & Communications		
		Technical Security Management		
		Physical & Environmental		
		Management		
		Business Continuity		





7	Information	Roles responsible for cyber security	NIST:	
/.		activities shall be suitably qualified and	ID.GV.1, ID.GV.3,	Evidence of
	Security –			Evidence of
	specific Training	experienced according to the activities they	PR.AT.1, PR.AT.2,	learning
		are responsible for.	PR.AT.5	development
			ISO 27001/2:	pathways
		This includes the roles of Information	8.1.3, 8.2.3,	and training
		Security Officer (ISO), IT Security Officer	18.1.1, 18.1.3,	needs
		(ITSO), System Administrators, Security	18.1.5, 18.2.2	analysis.
		Operations Centre (SOC) staff where	ISF SOGP:	
		applicable and Crypto Custodians.	SM1.2, SM2.1	
				Effective
		Individuals shall undertake continuous		training
		professional development to maintain their		delivery –
		skills and competency.		evidence will
				include a
		Linked Standards		reduction in
		People Management		security
				incidents
				occurring
				within the
				organisation.
8.	Supply Chain	Policing has a requirement to ensure	NIST:	Contract
	Management	information risks are identified and	ID.BE.1, ID.BE.2	terms and
	U	managed effectively throughout	,	conditions.
		all stages of the relationship with external	ISO 27001/2:	Cyber risk
		suppliers and third parties (including	18.1.1	assessment
		organisations in the supply	_	of suppliers
		chain).		and third
				parties.
		• Ensure that all third parties are		Register of
		examined to fully understand their		suppliers &
		overall security posture to enable		third parties.
		risk owners to take informed		Regular
				reviews of
		decisions during procurement activities.		suppliers and
				third parties.
		Third parties should be required to		tilliu purties.
		undergo a structured security		
		assessment as part of the tendering		
		process. This should be stated at the		
		beginning of any tendering / procurement activity.		



<ul> <li>This includes where there is a shared responsibility for risk, cloud services for example.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li><u>Linked Standards</u></li> <li>Third Party Management (TPAP)</li> </ul>	

#### **Communication approach**

This standard will be communicated as follows:

- 1. Internal peer review by the members of the National Cyber Policy & Standards Working Group which includes PDS and representatives from participating forces.
- 2. Presentation to the Nation Cyber Policy & Standards Board for approval.
- 3. Formal publication and external distribution to PDS community, police forces and associated bodies.

For external use (outside PDS), this standard should be distributed with information security officers (ISOs) and Information Management teams to help complete an initial gap analysis which can inform any implementation plan. This implementation plan can be shared with force SIROs / Security Management Forum.

Consideration should also be given to raising awareness amongst force personnel of the implementation of this standard where it may affect them.

Measurables generated by adopting this standard can also form part of regular cyber management.

#### **Review Cycle**

This standard will be reviewed at least annually (from the date of publication) and following any major change to Information Assurance (IA) strategy, membership of the community, or an identified major change to the cyber threat landscape. This ensures IA requirements are reviewed and that the standard continues to meet the objectives and strategies of the police service.

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13



# **Document Compliance Requirements**

(Adapt according to Force or PDS Policy needs.)

# Equality Impact Assessment

(Adapt according to Force or PDS Policy needs.)